UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT SOUTHERN DISTRICT OF NEW YORK	
CERVECERIA MODELO DE MEXICO, S. de R.L. de C.V	

USDC SDNY
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Plaintiffs,

-against-

21-cv-1317 (LAK)

C.B. BRAND STRATEGIES, L.L.	C., et al.,
Γ	Defendants.

## MEMORANDUM AND ORDER

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LEWIS A. KAPLAN, District Judge.

Plaintiffs (hereinafter collectively "Modelo") sublicensed to defendants (hereinafter collectively "CBI") the right to use a number of trademarks (collectively, the "Corona Marks") on certain beers. CBI then applied the Corona Marks to a new group of products marketed as "hard seltzers." Modelo contends that the CBI hard seltzer products do not come within the sublicense and that CBI therefore has breached the sublicense and is infringing Modelo's Corona Marks. It seeks damages, an injunction and other relief. The case turns principally on whether the CBI hard seltzer products constitute "beer" within the meaning of the sublicense. The matter now is before the Court on Modelo's motion for partial summary judgment on liability.

It bears mention that the question whether the CBI hard seltzers fall within the sublicense—i.e., whether they constitute "Beer" within the meaning of that agreement—came before the Court on CBI's motion to dismiss the original complaint. The Court denied that motion (Dkt 34), essentially on the ground that the word "Beer" and other relevant provisions of the sublicense were ambiguous. It denied also CBI's motion for summary judgment dismissing the second amended complaint for much the same reason.

Modelo seeks partial summary judgment establishing CBI's liability on two theories:

1. New York law ordinarily compels the interpretation of contract provisions in

accordance with their "plain meaning." "[P]lain and ordinary means as defined by

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a dictionary." Dkt 174, at 16 (quoting Goldman Sachs Lending Partners LLC v. High

River Ltd. P'ship, 34 M.3d 1209(A) (Sup. Ct. N.Y. Cty. 2011)). The dictionary

definitions of lower case"b" "beer," "malted beverage," and "version" that Modelo

relies upon uniformly exclude CBI's hard seltzer products. Ergo, the interpretation

of "Beer" in the sublicense is a question for the Court, which is obliged as a matter

of law to grant Modelo's motion as to liability.

2. Even if the sublicense definition of "Beer" were ambiguous, no reasonable jury could

find that it includes CBI's hard seltzer products.

These arguments do not carry the day.

The Court assumes arguendo the correctness of Modelo's statements of New York's "plain

meaning" rule and of a court's obligation to grant summary judgment in accordance with the "plain meaning"

of an unambiguous contract. It recognizes that Modelo has more dictionaries on its side of this debate over

the meaning of "beer" than does CBI. But the fact remains that the dictionaries, however important, do not

resolve this case. The meaning of the sublicense as it relates to CBI's hard seltzer products is ambiguous. It

is a genuine issue of material fact that forecloses summary judgment. And while Modelo perhaps has the better

of the argument, the Court is not now in a position to conclude that no reasonable jury could find for CBI.

Plaintiffs' motion for partial summary judgment on liability (Dkt 173) is denied.

SO ORDERED.

Dated:

December 13, 2022

United States District Judge